ASEAN IWRM PERFORMANCE REPORTS & MONITORING INDICATORS

Singapore 2010 Report (Flood Management)

Outcome Indicators

IWRM Issue 4 - Flood Management (15 indicators)			
Indicator	Indicators	Progress	Description
Types			
Outcome	 Total area affected by 	56 ha	-
Indicators	flood (target reduction in flooded area)		
	 Total number of people affected by flood (target reduction in the number of people/households affected by flood) 	0 flood casualty	Singapore experienced flash floods that are of short duration (typically less than 30min) and localized (1 or 2 lanes of a road). Hence, there is no flood casualty
	3. Annual cost of flood damages	No quantification of damages	There is no destruction of crop fields, houses or factories. Singapore experienced flash floods that are of short duration (typically less than 30min) and localized (1 or 2 lanes of a road).
	Percentage of annual national budget allocated to flood management	SG\$173.7mil	-
	5. Percentage of flood- prone areas in the country covered by early flood warning systems	100%	PUB is updated by meteorological agency on heavy rainfall. PUB uses a network of 90 water level sensors island-wide.
	6. Percentage of flood- prone areas in the country covered by real- time flood monitoring system	100%	PUB is updated by meteorological agency on heavy rainfall. PUB uses a network of 90 water level sensors island-wide.

Source: ASEAN Working Group for Water Resources Management (AWGWRM) – July 2015 [weblink - aseaniwrm.water.gov.my]

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Enabling Environment Indicators

EE Indicators	Any "Policy" on flood management and river conservation	Yes	PUB adopts the 3key strategies:- Providing adequate drainage infrastructure ahead of new developments Implementing flood protection measures by stipulating requirements such as minimum platform levels and crest levels in the COP Improving drainage in flood prone areas continually by widening or deepening drains and/or raising low-lying roads
	2. Any "Legislation/Regulations " on flood management and river conservation "	Yes	The Sewerage & Drainage Act empowers PUB to ensure that proper drainage systems are designed for the purposes of flood protection

Institutional Set-up Indicators

IS	Any flood management	Yes	PUB is the flood management
Indicators	regulatory agencies		agency
	Any institutional	Yes	In times of flash flood, PUB
	arrangements among		works closely with other
	related agencies to		agencies/ media to manage
	manage flood		site conditions and update the
			public

Management Tools Indicators

MT	Any implementation of	Yes	PUB adopts the 3key
Indicators	Integrated Flood		strategies:-
	Management (IFM)		 Providing adequate
	approaches involving		drainage infrastructure
	the use of structural and		ahead of new
	non-structural flood		developments
	mitigation measures		 Implementing flood
			protection measures by
			stipulating requirements
			such as minimum platform

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		levels and crest levels in the COP Improving drainage in flood prone areas continually by widening or deepening drains and/or raising low-lying roads
Any program to develop flood hazard and flood risk maps	Yes	Flood maps are developed for major canals
 Any river basin flood zoning and land use planning 	Yes	Drains are designed to cater to the land use designated by Singapore's landuse authority
4. Any program to control the loss of existing low-lying flood detention areas to development	Yes	Adequate drainage infrastructure will be provided ahead of new developments
5. Any climate adaptation program to mitigate the potential impacts of extreme floods due to climate change	Yes	A nation-wide study is being conducted on the effects on climate change, including specific parameters relevant to flood management such as rainfall intensity &sea level rise.