## **ASEAN IWRM Country Strategy Guidelines**

## - IWRM Monitoring Status Guidelines for ASEAN Countries

## 1. Background

The ASEAN Working Group on Water Resources Management (AWGWRM) has developed an ASEAN Strategic Plan of Action on Water Resources Management with the support from the Australian Government in 2005. To support the implementation of the Plan, ten project concept proposals were formulated and included in the Appendix of the Strategic Plan Report. One of the ten project concepts: Project Concept 2 is on the development of an "ASEAN IWRM Country Strategy Guidelines". DID Malaysia was requested by the AWGWRM to organize and conduct a workshop to develop the details of the "ASEAN IWRM Country Strategy Guidelines".

The workshop participants agreed that the generic ASEAN/IWRM framework will be structured on the following 6 major water management issues in ASEAN:

- Water Supply
- Irrigation
- Stormwater Management
- Floods Management
- Water Pollution Management
- Sanitation Management

Arising from the workshop the following outputs have been prepared for use by ASEAN countries to assist them in preparing and reporting on their respective countries' IWRM action plans and strategies to address the above 6 thematic issues.

- (a) A set of specific IWRM goals for the above 6 key water-related issues in the region.
- (b) For each set of thematic goals a set of IWRM objectives to achieve the goals have also been identified, categorized under the 3 categories of GWP IWRM tools, i.e. Enabling environment, Institutional environment and Management tools.
- (c) Also indicators for measuring the progress in achieving the objectives associated with each of the thematic goals have been developed. They can be used for measuring regional performance and progress towards meeting the IWRM goals for the 6 key water related issues in the region.

## 2. The ASEAN IWRM Monitoring Status Guidelines

The Workshop participants in Malaysia have agreed to develop monitoring guidelines for six key water management issues that are considered important in ASEAN countries. They are as follows:

- (a) Water Supply Management
- (b) Irrigation Management
- (c) Stormwater Management
- (d) Flood Management
- (e) Water Pollution Management
- (f) Sanitation Management

The following are the monitoring guidelines for the above 6 key water management issues.

IWRM Issue 3 – Stormwater Management (14 indicators)			
Indicator Types	Indicators	Progress	Description
Outcome	Percentage of local authorities/ cities	100%	
Indicators	having a stormwater management		
	policy to manage flash floods		
	Percentage of local authorities/ cities	100%	
	having a stormwater quality		
	management policy to protect river/		
	drainage system water quality		
	3. Percentage of local authorities/ cities	100%	
	having a rainwater harvesting policy		
EE	Any "Policy" on stormwater	8	
Indicators	management		
	2. Any "Legislation/Regulations" on	8	
	stormwater management	0	
	3. Any "Financial framework and Financial	8	
IS	plans" for stormwater management	0	
Indicators	Any national agency entrusted with the	8	
indicators	responsibility to support local		
	authorities/ cities to manage stormwater		
	Any formal institutional arrangement	8	
	among related agencies to support	O	
	local authorities/ cities to manage		
	stormwater		
MT	Any national stormwater management	8	
Indicators	master plan		
	Any code of practice/ design manual	8	
	for stormwater management		
	Any computer modelling of stormwater	8	
	quality and quantity		
	Any urban stormwater flood warning	8	
	system/ telemetric system		
	5. Any integrated stormwater	8	
	management data center		
	6. Any 24-hour Call/ Feedback Center for	8	
	reporting flash floods		