ASEAN IWRM Country Strategy Guidelines

- IWRM Monitoring Status Guidelines for ASEAN Countries

1. Background

The ASEAN Working Group on Water Resources Management (AWGWRM) has developed an ASEAN Strategic Plan of Action on Water Resources Management with the support from the Australian Government in 2005. To support the implementation of the Plan, ten project concept proposals were formulated and included in the Appendix of the Strategic Plan Report. One of the ten project concepts: Project Concept 2 is on the development of an "ASEAN IWRM Country Strategy Guidelines". DID Malaysia was requested by the AWGWRM to organize and conduct a workshop to develop the details of the "ASEAN IWRM Country Strategy Guidelines".

The workshop participants agreed that the generic ASEAN/IWRM framework will be structured on the following 6 major water management issues in ASEAN:

- Water Supply
- Irrigation
- Stormwater Management
- Floods Management
- Water Pollution Management
- Sanitation Management

Arising from the workshop the following outputs have been prepared for use by ASEAN countries to assist them in preparing and reporting on their respective countries' IWRM action plans and strategies to address the above 6 thematic issues.

- (a) A set of specific IWRM goals for the above 6 key water-related issues in the region.
- (b) For each set of thematic goals a set of IWRM objectives to achieve the goals have also been identified, categorized under the 3 categories of GWP IWRM tools, i.e. Enabling environment, Institutional environment and Management tools.
- (c) Also indicators for measuring the progress in achieving the objectives associated with each of the thematic goals have been developed. They can be used for measuring regional performance and progress towards meeting the IWRM goals for the 6 key water related issues in the region.

2. The ASEAN IWRM Monitoring Status Guidelines

The Workshop participants in Malaysia have agreed to develop monitoring guidelines for six key water management issues that are considered important in ASEAN countries. They are as follows:

- (a) Water Supply Management
- (b) Irrigation Management
- (c) Stormwater Management
- (d) Flood Management
- (e) Water Pollution Management
- (f) Sanitation Management

The following are the monitoring guidelines for the above 6 key water management issues.

IWRM Issue 2 - Irrigation Management (14 indicators)			
Indicator	Indicators	Progress	Description
Types			
Outcome	Percentage of irrigated area to total	%	
Indicators	potential irrigable area		
	Percentage of irrigated area	%	
	damaged by flood		
	Percentage of irrigated area	%	
	damaged by drought		
	4. Percentage of irrigation efficiency	%	
	5. Agricultural production (T/ha) versus	T/ha	
	water utilization		
	Percentage of irrigated area with	%	
	water quantity measuring devices		
Enabling	 Any "Policy" on irrigation 	Yes (8)	
Environment	management (including policy on	No (1-7)	
(EE)	land conversion/conservation of	NA	
Indicators	irrigation area)		
	2. Any "Legislation/Regulations" on		
	irrigation management (including		
	policy on land conversion/		
	conservation of irrigation area)		
	Any "Annual national budget"		
	allocation for irrigation management		
Institutional	 Any "Irrigation agency" responsible 	Yes (8)	
Set-up	for irrigation management	No (1-7)	
(IS)		NA	
Indicators	Any Farmers' Association		
Management	Any operations and maintenance	Yes (8)	
Tools	program for irrigation systems	No (1-7)	
(MT)		NA	
Indicators	Any participatory irrigation		
	management system		
	Any irrigation water allocation		
	mechanism		